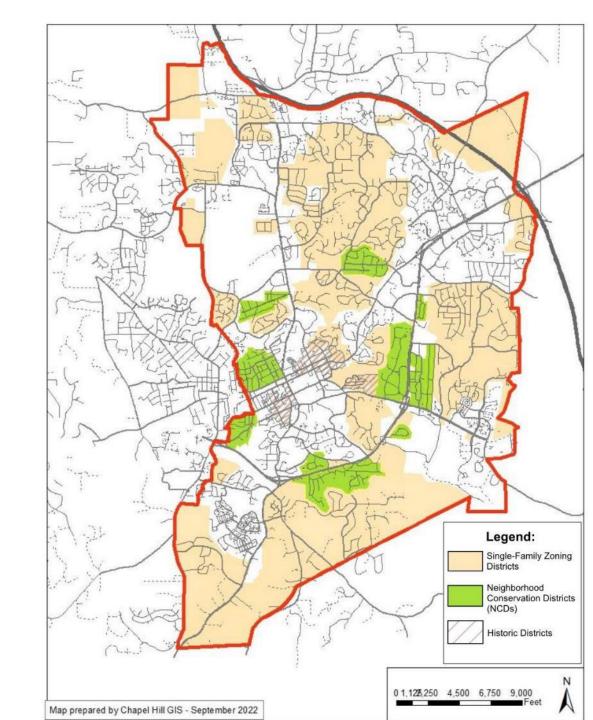


EXISTING CONDITIONS

- Much of Chapel Hill is zoned for Single-Family only
- Neighborhood Conservation Districts (NCDs) regulations supersede the underlying zoning and many NCDs prohibit duplex and other small-scale residential housing types
- Restrictive covenants and plat notes may also limit development to single-family only



HARD TRUTHS

- Housing supply has grown, but isn't meeting current needs
 - Most new housing is single family or apartments
 - 5% of units since 2010 are owner-occupied condos or townhouses
 - Households for different life stages
- 35% increase in housing production to meet needs (500 units/year)

Projected Housing Needs 2020-2040 Town of Chapel Hill

October 12, 2021



HARD TRUTHS

- 36% of households Cost-burdened
- Others forced to look outside the community
 - Longer commutes
 - More traffic/parking demands
 - Environmental implications



HARD TRUTHS



- Chapel Hill is an exclusive place
- No one is happy with the planning process or the planning outcomes
- Chapel Hill has a difficult urban form to remediate



WHAT'S NEEDED

- About 500 housing units annually
- Diversity of housing product at different price points to increase affordability
- Older neighborhoods need to evolve over time to better meet housing needs for all income levels

TEXT AMENDMENT SUMMARY

Part 1: Proposed Text Amendments

- Setback & Height Exceptions
- Townhouse
 - Definition
 - Development Standards
 - Subdivision Standards
- Updated standards for duplexes and accessory apartments

Part 2: Opportunities to Increase Missing Middle Housing

- Add Missing Middle Housing Types & Development Standards
 - Triplexes
 - Fourplexes
 - Cottage Courts
- Allow these in most zoning districts
- Remove density limitations
- Allow triplexes and fourplexes to be approved via a process like that of single-family development (Expedited Review)

DEFINITIONS

"Missing Middle is a range of multi-unit or clustered housing types compatible in scale with single-family homes that help meet the growing demand for walkable urban living. These types provide diverse housing options along a spectrum of affordability, including duplexes, fourplexes, and bungalow courts, to support walkable communities, locally-serving retail, and public transportation options."

-MissingMiddleHousing.com

DEFINITIONS

Gentle Densification: Process of increasing density in existing single-family neighborhoods through the construction of townhomes, two- to four-family homes, and small-scale apartment or condominium buildings. -Brookings Metro

FIGURE 1

More homes, less yard



One single-family detached 3,000 square feet 2.5 stories



Three townhouses 2,000 sq. ft./house 2.5 stories

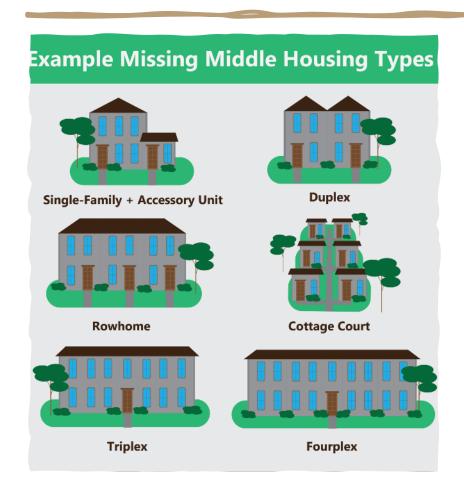


Six condominiums 1,200 sq. ft./condo 3 stories

Note: These are hypothetical examples created for this analysis. Structure types and building dimensions are typical of homes in Washington, D.C., verified against Computer Assisted Mass Appraisal residential data from opendata.dc.gov.



MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING AS INFILL



- Creating opportunities by allowing more housing units on existing lots
- Increased density supports neighborhood retail, transit, and walkability
- More homes equal more affordability and economic opportunity
- Sensitivity to neighborhood context allowing more units within the same allowed building envelope
- Does not prohibit single-family detached homes
 - Demand for this housing type
 - Interest in creating affordability through smaller lots sizes and smaller house sizes

WHY MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING IS NECESSARY

In General:	Specific to Chapel Hill:
 Greater variety of household sizes and demographics require variety of housing choices 	 Provides a range of housing options for current and future residents not currently met Future Land Use Map (FLUM) encourages duplexes, triplexes, fourplexes, and accessory apartments to have a review process like single family and recognized they could fit into the existing fabric of single-family neighborhoods if carefully integrated
 Walkable and accessible amenities 	 Compact, higher density and multi-family development creates demand for greenways, walking and biking paths, as well as transit.
 Variety of Transportation Options 	 Density around existing transportation networks supported by the Mobility & Connectivity Plan as well as Climate Action Plan
 Need for affordable and attainable housing 	Range of unit types and sizes improves affordability
Sense of community	 Land use, form, and density that strengthen the community, social equity, economic prosperity, and natural environment

PURPOSE OF THE TEXT AMENDMENT



Diversify Housing types



Increase Housing Production



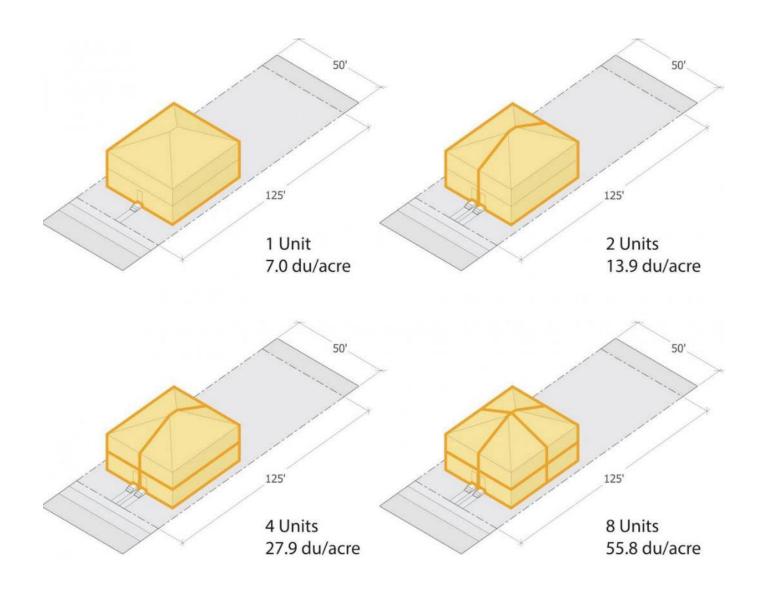
Encourage Compatible Infill Development



Strategically and Sensitively Increase Density

OPPORTUNITIES TO INCREASE MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING

- Eliminate density maximums
- Focus on lot size, setbacks, and building dimensions rather than number of units



OPPORTUNITIES TO INCREASE MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING

	R-105	K	R-[D1	R-1A	R-7	R-2	R-2A	R-3	R-4	R-5	R-6	HR-L	HR-M	HR-X
Single Family	P	Р	P	Р	P	P	Р	P	P	P	P	P	Р	Р
Single Family + Accessory Apartment	Р	Р	P	Р	P	Р	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Р
Duplex	-	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P	<u>P</u>	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Triplex	-	-	_	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P	P	Р
Fourplex	-	-	-	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	-	-	<u>P</u>
Cottage Courts	_	-	-	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	-	-	<u>P</u>
Multi-Family (5–10 units)	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	<u>P</u>	Р	P	Р	-	_	P
Multi-Family (10+ units)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	CZ	-	_	-

P: Proposed as a permitted use

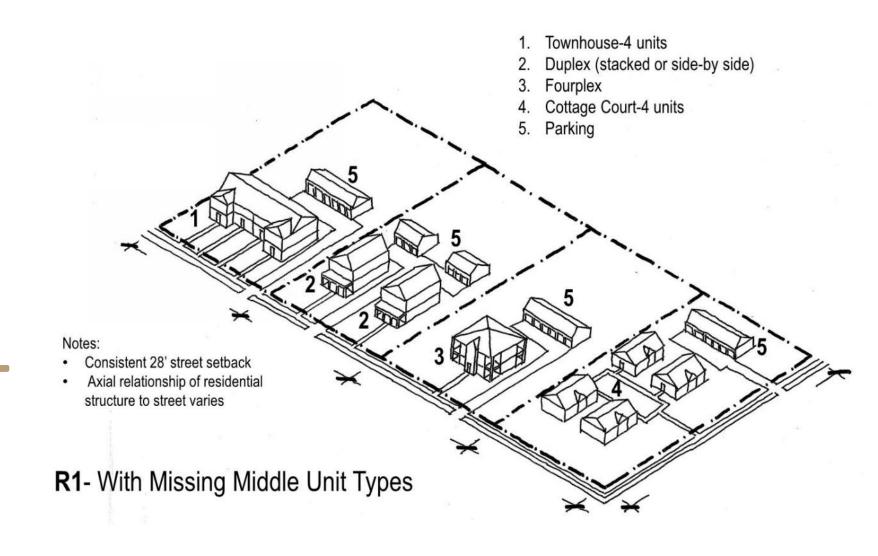


- Neighborhood compatibility in R- zoning districts in areas platted +20 years ago and +50% single family homes
- Considerations for permitting similar to Single Family Development
- Subdivisions that encourage home ownership

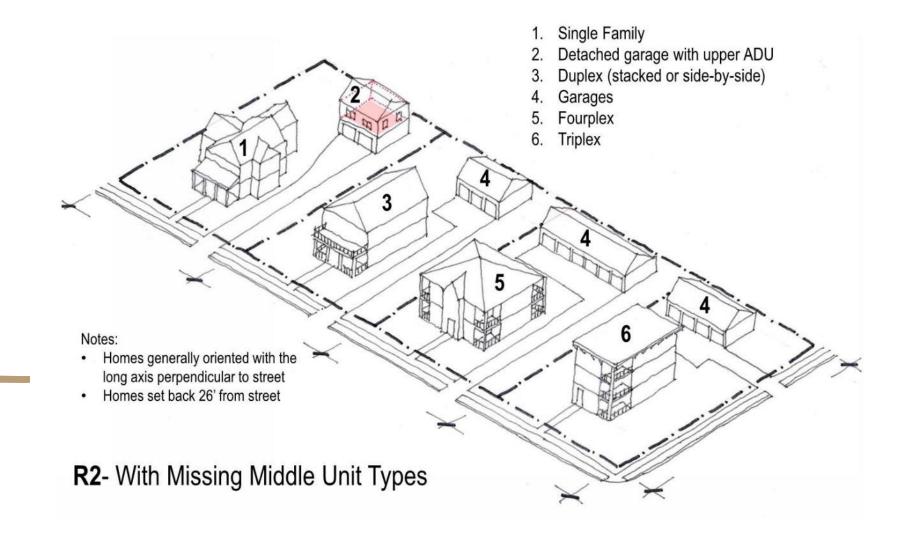
SPECIAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES

TRIPLEXES, FOURPLEXES, & COTTAGE COURTS

CHAPEL HILL CONTEXT



CHAPEL HILL CONTEXT



PROJECTED IMPACTS

MINNEAPOLIS 2020 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN:

- 70% of land area zoned for detached, single-family
- January 2020 rezoned to allow duplexes and triplexes
- Approximately 9,000 housing units permitted, including:
 - 62 new duplexes (0.68%)
 - 17 new triplexes (0.18%)

COMPARISON TO CHAPEL HILL:

- 70.9% Land zoned for detached, single-family and duplex
- Add on average 262 housing units/year
- Using the same percentages as Minneapolis, this would lead to:
 - 1.78 new duplexes (0.68%) per year
 - 0.47 new triplexes (0.18%) per year
- This is not a quick fix, but one strategy to help create more housing



TOOLS IN THE TOOLBOX

PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS

Staff

- Single Family + Accessory

 Apartment
- Duplex
- Triplex
- Fourplex

Planning Commission

- Site Plan Review for Cottage Courts
- Minor Subdivisions (Creating +4 lots)

Town Council

- Conditional Zoning District (CZDs) for developments of five or more units
- Special Use Permits

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

- Investigate smaller lot sizes
- Remove obstacles to gentle density and smaller-scale development
 - Allow duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes in most residential zoning districts
 - Administrative review and approval for developments up to 4 units



FUTURE STUDY AREAS:

Neighborhood Conservation Districts (NCDs)

• Intensive text amendment to consider as part of LUMO rewrite

Student Housing & Overcrowding

• Can't be solved by zoning only

Parking Demands

• Can't be solved by zoning only

Inclusionary Zoning

• Intensive text amendment to consider as part of LUMO rewrite

Housing Diversity

• Retrofitting existing neighborhoods and infill development does not solve housing shortage on its own



METRICS:

- Annual review of number of permits issued
- Track the number of new housing units constructed
- Re-evaluate and determine if additional tools are needed to incentivize housing construction



Should duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes be permitted in most R-zoning districts?

DECISION POINTS



Is there support for a review process for these uses similar to that of single family (by-right)?



Are there other items that Council wishes to address?

WORK COMPLETED

Staff research on Missing Middle Housing



WORK COMPLETED



RESOURCES CONSULTED

- AARP
- Accessory Dwellings.org
- American Planning Association
- Inclusionary Zoning.org
- Local Housing Solutions
- Missing Middle Housing
- Municipal and Research Services Center (MRSC)
- NC Sustainable Energy Association & NC Clean Energy Technology Center
- New Hampshire Housing
- Planning and Zoning for Solar in North Carolina

MUNICIPAL AND COUNTY CODES

- Aberdeen, TX
- Bloomington, IN
- Durham, NC
- Raleigh, NC
- Lacey, WA
- Jersey City, NJ
- Johnston, IA
- Montgomery County, PA
- Prince George County, MD
- Santa Fe, NM
- Sea Tac, WA

- Seattle, WA
- Toronto, Canada
- Township of Depftord, NJ
- Washington, DC
- Wenatchee, WA